Consumer Confidence Report – 2025 Covering Calendar Year – 2024

GRADY CO RWD #6 OK3002603

This report is a snapshot of the quality of the water that we provided last year. Included are the details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state standards. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

For access to the GRADY CO RWD #6 service line inventory, or if you would like to be actively involved in the decision-making processes that affect drinking water quality, please call GRADY COUNTY RWD #6 at 405-459-6626.

Your water comes from 3 Ground Water Well(s):

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as those with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Please contact us to obtain more information about a source water assessment and its availability.

Contaminants that may be present in source water before we treat it include: <u>Microbial contaminants</u>, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, livestock operations and wildlife.

<u>Inorganic contaminants</u>, such as salts and metals, which can be naturallyoccurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.

<u>Pesticides and herbicides</u>, which may come from a variety of sources such as storm water run-off, agriculture, and residential users.

<u>Radioactive contaminants</u>, which can be naturally occurring or the result of mining activity.

<u>Organic contaminants</u>, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and also come from gas stations, urban storm water run-off, and septic systems.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limits the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. We treat our water according to EPA's regulations. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Our water system is required to test a minimum of 4 samples per month in accordance with the Total Coliform Rule for microbiological contaminants.

Coliform bacteria are usually harmless, but their presence in water can be an indication of disease-causing bacteria. When coliform bacteria are found, special follow-up tests are done to determine if harmful bacteria are present in the water supply. If this limit is exceeded, the water supplier must notify the public.

Water Quality Data

The following tables list all of the drinking water contaminants which were detected during the 2024 calendar year. The presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate the water poses a health risk. Unless noted, the data presented in this table is from the testing done January 1- December 31, 2024. The state requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, is more than one year old.

Terms & Abbreviations

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)</u>: the "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to human health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)</u>: the "Maximum Allowed" MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL): recommended level for a contaminant that is not regulated and has no MCL.

Action Level (AL): the concentration of a contaminant that, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements.

<u>Treatment Technique (TT)</u>: a required process intended to reduce levels of a contaminant in drinking water.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)</u>: the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Non-Detects (ND): lab analysis indicates that the contaminant is not present.

Parts per Million (ppm) or milligrams per liter (mg/l)

Parts per Billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter (µg/l)

Picocuries per Liter (pCi/L): a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Millirems per Year (mrem/yr): measure of radiation absorbed by the body.

Monitoring Period Average (MPA): An average of sample results obtained during a defined time frame, common examples of monitoring periods are monthly, guarterly and yearly.

<u>Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)</u>: a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person. Turbidity is not regulated for groundwater systems.

<u>Running Annual Average (RAA):</u> an average of sample results obtained over the most current 12 months and used to determine compliance with MCLs.

Locational Running Annual Average (LRAA): Average of sample analytical results for samples taken at a particular monitoring location during the previous four calendar quarters.

Monitoring and Reporting (M/R): a violation for failure to conduct regular monitoring of drinking water quality or to submit monitoring results in a timely fashion.

Operational Evaluation Level (OEL): a report triggered by the disinfection byproducts rule.

Please Note: Because of sampling schedules, results may be older than 1 year

Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
ARSENIC	6/13/2022	5.5	5.5	ppb	10		Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
BARIUM	6/13/2022	0.316	0.316	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
FLUORIDE	6/13/2022	0.21	0.21	ppm	4	4	Natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth.
NITRATE-NITRITE	6/3/2024	5.01	5.01	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.

Disinfection Byproducts	Monitoring Period	Highest RAA	Range (low/high)	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)	2023	4	3.5	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM	2023	19	18.6 - 18.8	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection

Lead and Copper	Monitoring Period	90 th Percentile	Range (low/high)	Unit	AL	Sites Over AL	Typical Source
COPPER, FREE	2021 - 2023	0.242	0.0089 - 0.476	ppm	1.3	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives.
LEAD	2021 - 2023	0		ppb	15	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Your water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Chlorine/Chloramines Maximum Disinfection Level	MPA	MPA Units	RAA	RAA Units
04/01/2024 - 04/30/2024	1.36	MG/L	1.1	MG/L

Radiological Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
COMBINED URANIUM	2/25/2021	1.9	1.6 - 1.9	µg/L	30		Erosion of natural deposits
GROSS ALPHA, EXCL. RADON & U	2/25/2021	1.8	0 - 1.8	pCi/L	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits

Secondary Contaminants-Non Health Based Contaminants-No Federal Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) Established.	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	SMCL
SODIUM	6/13/2022	10.9	10.9	MG/L	

Unregulated Contaminants	Monitoring Period	Average of Results	Range of Results	Unit	
LITHIUM	2023	24.05	23.8 - 24.3	µg/L	
Our system is required to sample for 30 unregulated contaminants. The monitoring data will help make determinations about future regulations and actions to protect public health.					

During the 2024 calendar year, we had the below noted violation(s) of drinking water regulations.

Compliance Period	Analyte	Comments
7/1/2024 - 7/15/2024	CONSUMER CONFIDENCE RULE	CCR REPORT
1/1/2024 - 1/31/2024	CHLORINE	MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	DBP STAGE 2	MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR
10/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	ATRAZINE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	ENDRIN	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR

1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	BHC-GAMMA	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	METHOXYCHLOR	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	DALAPON	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	DIQUAT	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	ENDOTHALL	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	GLYPHOSATE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) ADIPATE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	OXAMYL	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	PICLORAM	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	DINOSEB	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	CARBOFURAN	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	HEPTACHLOR	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	2,4-D	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	2,4,5-TP	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	HEXACHLOROBENZENE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	BENZO(A)PYRENE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	TOTAL POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/ 1/2024 - 12/31/2024	(PCB)	
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
1/1/2024 - 12/31/2024	ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE	MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR
Additional Descripted Health Effects I amount		

Additional Required Health Effects Language:

While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

Water System	Туре	Category	Analyte	Compliance Period
No Violations Occurred in the Calendar Ye	ar of 2024			

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

GRADY CO RWD #6 Did Not Meet Monitoring Requirements

Our water system violated drinking water requirements pertaining to the contaminant(s) of concern listed below. Although none of these violations are considered emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we are doing, or have done, to correct these violations. Customers are not at risk and there is no reason to suspect any potential adverse health effects. Alternative water supplies are not needed.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. During the following monitoring periods, we did not monitor or test for the following contaminants, and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time:

<u>Contaminant</u>	Begin Date	End Date	<u># of Samples</u> <u>Required</u>	<u># of Samples</u> Missing
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
2,4,5-TP	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
2,4-D	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
ASBESTOS	1/1/2023	12/31/2023	1	1
ATRAZINE	10/1/2024	12/31/2024	1	1
BENZO(A)PYRENE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
BHC-GAMMA	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
CARBOFURAN	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
CHLORINE	1/1/2024	1/31/2024	4	4
CHLORINE	9/1/2023	9/30/2023	4	4
DALAPON	1/1/2023	12/31/2023	2	1
DALAPON	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) ADIPATE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) ADIPATE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
DINOSEB	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
DIQUAT	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
DISINFECTANT BY-PRODUCT	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	2
TOTAL COLIFORM	9/1/2023	9/30/2023	4	4
ENDOTHALL	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
ENDRIN	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
GLYPHOSATE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
HEPTACHLOR	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1

HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	2
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	1/1/2023	12/31/2023	2	1
METHOXYCHLOR	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
OXAMYL	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
PICLORAM	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS	1/1/2024	12/31/2024	2	1

What should I do? There is nothing you need to do at this time.

What happened? What is being done? We missed taking several samples. We have or will take the samples

in the future.

We anticipate resolving the problem: The problem has been resolved or will be resolved as soon as the samples are taken.

For more information, please contact: Mr. T.J. Chester, Chairman at 405-459-6626 or PO Box 37, AMBER OK, 73004

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

Monitoring Public Notice

OK3002603

Date Distributed:

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Availability of Monitoring Data for Unregulated Contaminants for GRADY CO RWD #6

Our water system has sampled for a series of unregulated contaminants. Unregulated contaminants are those that do not yet have a drinking water standard set by EPA. The purpose of monitoring for these contaminants is to help EPA decide whether the contaminants should have a standard. As our customers, you have a right to know that these data are available.

If you are interested in examining the results, please contact: Mr. T.J. Chester, Chairman at PO Box 37 or 405-459-6626

This notice is being sent to you by GRADY CO RWD #6

PWSID # OK3002603

Date distributed Monday, March 24, 2025